

11.—Percentage Distribution of Establishments in Manufacturing Industries, classified by Type of Ownership, by Provinces and Industrial Groups, 1949, with totals for 1946-49.

Province and Industrial Group	Individual Ownership	Partner- ships	Incorporated Companies	Co-oper- atives	Total
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
1946 (estimated).....	47.3	16.0	33.4	3.3	100.0
1947.....	46.4	16.1	34.3	3.2	100.0
1948.....	46.2	16.4	34.4	3.0	100.0
1949					
PROVINCE					
Newfoundland.....	63.0	24.8	12.0	0.2	100.0
Prince Edward Island.....	51.4	16.9	22.5	9.2	100.0
Nova Scotia.....	52.8	17.4	27.5	2.3	100.0
New Brunswick.....	54.7	12.3	30.0	3.0	100.0
Quebec.....	51.0	12.3	32.2	4.5	100.0
Ontario.....	41.0	16.6	40.7	1.7	100.0
Manitoba.....	40.2	16.6	40.8	2.4	100.0
Saskatchewan.....	56.8	15.4	22.7	5.1	100.0
Alberta.....	51.7	18.1	26.5	3.7	100.0
British Columbia.....	34.3	21.7	42.5	1.5	100.0
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	72.2	11.1	16.7	—	100.0
Canada, 1949.....	46.0	15.8	35.3	2.9	100.0
INDUSTRIAL GROUP					
Food and beverages.....	49.9	11.6	27.5	11.0	100.0
Tobacco and tobacco products.....	38.9	6.9	50.0	4.2	100.0
Rubber products.....	8.1	12.9	79.0	—	100.0
Leather products.....	32.6	15.5	51.8	0.1	100.0
Textile products (except clothing).....	27.4	13.5	58.9	0.2	100.0
Clothing (textile and fur).....	29.0	21.4	49.6	—	100.0
Wood products.....	63.1	18.9	17.8	0.2	100.0
Paper products.....	9.0	4.6	86.4	—	100.0
Printing, publishing and allied industries ¹	49.0	15.8	34.8	0.4	100.0
Iron and steel products.....	26.1	17.4	56.2	0.3	100.0
Transportation equipment.....	34.4	13.3	52.3	—	100.0
Non-ferrous metal products.....	27.4	17.2	55.4	—	100.0
Electrical apparatus and supplies.....	13.4	9.9	76.7	—	100.0
Non-metallic mineral products.....	34.7	18.6	46.6	0.1	100.0
Products of petroleum and coal.....	—	—	100.0	—	100.0
Chemical products.....	18.4	6.5	74.7	0.4	100.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.....	31.3	16.6	52.1	—	100.0

¹ Four main categories of ownership only; the non-classifiable group is not included.

On the basis of employment provided, incorporated companies are by a very wide margin the most important factor in the employment field. Establishments operating under individual ownership are not as important from the point of view of employment provided as their large numbers would seem to indicate.